Hyperemesis Diet (Dry Diet)

The hyperemesis diet is used for people who need help with nausea and vomiting. Certain diseases and conditions can make it hard at times to eat a regular diet. Pregnant women often have these symptoms the first trimester of pregnancy. These are guidelines and suggested foods to help manage symptoms.

- When vomiting decreases to less than 2 to 3 times a day, switch to a hyperemesis diet instead of clear liquids.
- Try to eat small frequent meals with snacks between meals and at bedtime. This helps you get in more calories, vitamins and minerals.

Suggested Foods (in 1 to 2 ounce or ½ cup measure portions)

- Bagels
- Baked potatoes
- Bananas (small)
- Breads, toast
- Crackers
- Cream of wheat
- Dry cereals
- Mashed potatoes
- Oatmeal
- Pears
- Plain pasta, noodles
- Plain rice

- May add salt to taste
- Avoid added fats such as oils and butters as they often worsen symptoms.

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Fluids

- Fruit juices (diluted)
- Ginger ale, Sprite, Cola
- Skim milk
- Weak tea

- Wait 15 to 30 minutes after eating before drinking fluids. Drink most of your fluids between meals.
- Limit to ½ to 1 cup portions for better tolerance.

After 2 to 3 days of little or no vomiting, add these foods for extra protein and calories:

- Baked chicken (without skin)
- Broiled, baked fish
- Eggs
- Fruit cocktail
- Jell-O
- Lean meats
- Low fat mild cheese
- Low-fat cottage cheese
- Sherbet
- Soups
- Yogurt

Sample Menu

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Breakfast:</th>
<th>Lunch:</th>
<th>Dinner:</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Bagel</td>
<td>• White bread</td>
<td>• White bread</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Dry cereal</td>
<td>• ½ baked potato</td>
<td>• Whipped potatoes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Hot tea</td>
<td>• Crackers</td>
<td>• Crackers</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Apple juice</td>
<td>• Crackers</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Skim milk</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Snack:</th>
<th>Snack:</th>
<th>Snack:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Banana</td>
<td>• Crackers</td>
<td>• Cream of wheat or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Sprite</td>
<td>oatmeal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
General Guidelines

- Eat slowly and chew your food well.
- Do not lie down for at least 2 hours after eating.
- Avoid heavily spiced, high-fat foods such as fried foods, Mexican dishes, etc.
- Avoid foods that have a strong smell. Cold foods may be tolerated well since they have less smell. For example, scrambled eggs may make you feel nauseous but cold, hard boiled eggs may not.
- Avoid mixing hot and cold foods at the same meal.
- Eat foods you feel you can handle.
- Drink liquids between meals.
- When cooking, open windows or use exhaust fans to get rid of strong odors. Stay out of the kitchen when food is being prepared.
- Using ginger for the treatment of hyperemesis has been common in recent years. Taking 250 milligrams (mg) of a ginger supplement has been proven to reduce symptoms of hyperemesis. Always talk to your doctor before adding any herbal supplements to your treatment plan. Finger cookies, ginger ale and candies may also help your symptoms.
- In pregnancy, vitamin B6 alone or combined with certain medications may also be helpful in reducing symptoms. Talk to your doctor about your options.

Talk to your doctor or others on your health care team if you have questions. You may request more written information from the Library for Health Information at (614) 293-3707 or email: health-info@osu.edu.