Eating Healthy on a Budget
Shopping Tips and Menu Ideas

Eating healthy on a budget can feel challenging if you don’t know where to start. Here are some tips to help you purchase healthier foods without overspending.

Before you shop, plan ahead

- **Create a budget for food.** Have a dollar amount in mind and do your best to stick to it. Look at past grocery store receipts as a starting point.
- **Make a list** of what food you already have on hand in your refrigerator, freezer, and pantry.
- **See what’s on sale** for the coming week. Head to your grocery store’s website and make a list of what foods are going to be on sale that week, such as fruits, vegetables, proteins (meats, poultry, fish, eggs, beans, etc.), and whole grains.
- **Make a meal plan** for the week using the lists of what food you have on hand and what is going to be on sale. If you need recipe ideas, use the Internet, friends, and family, or borrow a cookbook from the library.
  - **Be realistic.** If you only have 20 minutes to make dinner, don’t choose a recipe that will take 45 minutes.
  - **Plan to use leftovers** for a few lunches or dinners throughout the week to reduce time spent in the kitchen.
  - **Cook once and eat twice.** See the menu section of this handout for an example.
- **Plan snacks too!** Avoid soda and other sweetened beverages and snacks. They cost a lot and lack nutrition.
- **Create a grocery list** once you have your meal ideas. To make shopping easy, create food categories. Write out how much money is spent on each item or food group. This can help you plan your next trip to the store too.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Produce</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apples</td>
<td>1 bag</td>
<td>$3.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Meats/Poultry/Fish</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ground turkey</td>
<td>1 pound</td>
<td>$3.49</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

It is okay to change your mind based on cost or what is available when you get to the store. The key is to stick to your budget while eating healthy.
Save money and shop smart

- Look for in store sales or specials.
- Look for the store brand or generic brand. The same food will cost less and taste the same.
- Use coupons for items you buy frequently. You can find coupons online and in the newspaper.
- Look to the top and bottom of the grocery store shelves. More expensive items are placed on the middle shelves.
- Grab items from the back of the shelf. Grocery stores often place the newest items behind the oldest items.
- Sign up for a shopping card if the store has one. This is not a credit card. It just gives you more money off the food you buy, and can even help you save money on gas.
- Eat before you shop. If you shop hungry, you are more likely to put food items in your cart that you don’t need.
- Use a smaller cart to control how much food you can actually put in.
- Don’t buy anything extra that is not on your grocery list.

Fruits and vegetables

- Buy fresh fruits and vegetables that are in season:
  - Summer – melons, corn, tomatoes, peaches, berries, bell peppers, cucumbers, eggplant, green beans, zucchini, yellow squash, cherries
  - Autumn – pumpkins, squash, apples, mango, beets, Swiss chard, cauliflower, mushrooms, parsnips
  - Winter – oranges, grapefruit, apples, pears, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, kale, potatoes, sweet potatoes, winter squash
  - Spring – asparagus, broccoli, collard greens, spinach, carrots, peas, strawberries, apricots, lettuce, radishes, celery
- Other tips:
  - Produce prices are often cheapest on Wednesdays.
  - Eat frozen or canned fruits and vegetables when fresh ones cost more or are not in season. Frozen ones have less salt than canned. Drain and rinse canned vegetables for less salt. Buy canned fruits that are “lite” or use natural juice and not syrup.
  - It is not necessary to buy organic fruits and vegetables to get good nutrition. Buy what is affordable for you!
Dairy
- Try low-fat cheese or yogurt. Buy the “big” or family-size plain flavored yogurt and add a touch of honey or fruit at home instead of buying individually packaged and pre-sweetened yogurt.
- Drink milk with 2% or less fat. It still has Vitamin D in it.
- Always check the expiration date to make sure you are getting the freshest product.

Grains (bread, cereal, rice, pasta)
- Eat whole wheat or whole grain bread, pasta, rice, and cereal.
- Buy plain, unflavored grains in bulk instead of pre-flavored or individual packages.
- To reduce waste, freeze bread and save what you need for later.
- Hot cereals, like oatmeal, grits, and cream of wheat, are cheaper and have a long shelf life.

Proteins (meat, poultry, canned/dried beans, nuts, tofu, eggs, fish)
- Beans: Add a few meatless meals every week. Beans cost less than meat and are good for you. Try baked beans, fat-free refried beans, kidney beans, chickpeas, great northern beans, and black beans. If buying in the can, buy no-sodium or low-sodium, and rinse well under tap water before eating. Or, try dried beans and soak them before cooking to reduce cooking time. Beans can also take the place of part of the meat in a recipe.
- Choose low fat meats and buy in the “big” or family-size package when it is on sale. Split it into several meals and put it into the freezer until needed.
  - Lean cuts of beef include eye of round roast and steak, top round roast and steak, top sirloin steak, sirloin tip side steak, bottom round roast and steak, and 90% or leaner ground beef.
- Poultry: Choose white meat and remove skin. Turkey can cost less than chicken. Consider buying ground turkey or chicken as a substitute for ground beef or mixing it half and half.
- Eggs: Cook eggs as a main dish since they are cheap, easy to make, and high in protein as well as many vitamins and minerals.
- Fish: To save money, look in the frozen aisle for fish when fresh fish isn’t on sale. Skip the breaded options. Canned salmon or tuna packed in water, not oil, are also good options.

Snacks
- Avoid chips, candy, and desserts. Instead, eat fruit, raw veggies with hummus or a small amount of ranch dressing, a small piece of low-fat cheese with whole wheat crackers, low-fat yogurt, a ¼ cup of nuts such as almonds, walnuts, or peanuts, or 3 cups plain popcorn. These snacks will give you energy that lasts longer than other snack foods.
- Make your own snack foods by taking what you already have in the house.
**Beverages**

- Stick with mostly water. An average family can spend almost $1,000 a year on soda alone! Bottled juices, sports drinks, and even bottled water can shrink your budget. Drinking tap water is good for your health and your wallet.
- If you don’t like the taste of tap water, buy large jugs of water instead of individual bottles to save money. To improve the flavor of water, add a squeeze or a wedge of fresh lemon, lime, or orange, or drink herbal or decaf tea (unsweetened).

**Menu Ideas**

Here are a few healthy meals to try that keep you within your budget:

**Quick Burritos**

4 servings
1 package instant brown rice
5 fresh tomatoes or 1, 14-ounce can no salt added tomatoes
1 can refried beans
4 whole wheat flour tortillas
½ cup reduced-fat shredded cheese

Make rice as indicated on the package. Add in tomatoes while cooking, as well as ½ teaspoon garlic powder, 1 teaspoon cumin, and ½ teaspoon salt. Heat the refried beans on the stove or in the microwave. Put ⅓ cup beans, ½ cup rice mixture, and 2 tablespoons cheese in each tortilla. This meal contains 4 of the 5 food groups. Add fruit on the side for a 5th food group!

**Pasta with Broccoli and White Beans**

4 servings
1 container whole wheat pasta
1 can no-sodium added white beans, rinsed and drained
2-3 cups fresh or frozen broccoli
2 tablespoons olive oil

Make the noodles as indicated on the package. Add in thawed broccoli and rinsed white beans about 5 minutes before cooking is complete. Drain cook water, and return pasta, broccoli, and beans to the cooking pot. Stir in 2 tablespoons olive oil to coat. Divide among 4 plates, and season with salt and pepper. Add a piece of fruit and a glass of milk and this meal contains all five food groups.

**Tortilla Pizza**

1 serving
1 whole wheat flour tortilla
¼ cup low sodium pizza sauce
¼ cup reduced-fat mozzarella cheese
1-2 cups favorite pizza toppings, such as tomatoes, skinless grilled chicken, green peppers, onion, and mushrooms
Preheat oven to 400 degrees. Put pizza sauce, toppings, and cheese on flour tortilla. Bake in oven for about 10 to 15 minutes. Add a side salad with vinegar and oil dressing and a piece of fruit for dessert, and you have a meal with 4 of the 5 food groups.

**Cook Once, Eat Twice Recipe**

- **Dish 1: Lime Chicken and Roasted Vegetables**  
  4 servings
  - 2 pounds boneless, skinless chicken breasts cut in half horizontally to make thin cutlets
  - ¼ cup lime juice (1 lime juiced or ¼ cup bottled lime juice)
  - 2 ½ teaspoons ground cumin
  - 4 teaspoons bottled garlic or 4 garlic cloves, minced
  - 6 tablespoons olive oil
  - 1, 16-ounce bag of frozen mixed vegetables (cauliflower, broccoli, carrots)
  - 1 teaspoon salt

  Preheat oven to 400 degrees. Place chicken breasts in a large bowl. Add lime juice, 4 tablespoons olive oil, 2 teaspoons cumin, and ½ teaspoon salt. Toss to combine and coat the chicken thoroughly. Let sit until the oven is preheated. Line 2 baking sheets with aluminum foil. On one sheet, dump out the whole bag of frozen vegetables, add 2 tablespoons olive oil, ½ teaspoon cumin, and ½ teaspoon salt. Toss to coat. On the other sheet, place the chicken breasts. Once the oven is preheated, place both pans in the oven. After 10 minutes, flip the chicken over and cook for 15 minutes more, or until no longer pink inside. At this time, the vegetables will also be done. Set aside half of the chicken and roasted vegetables for tomorrow’s recipe, package, and refrigerate. Divide the rest of the chicken and vegetables between 4 plates. Add fruit salad on the side and a whole wheat roll or slice of bread to round out the meal.

- **Dish 2: Chicken and Black Bean Soup with Roasted Vegetables**  
  4 servings
  - Leftover chicken from Lime Chicken
  - Leftover vegetables from Lime Chicken
  - 1 quart low sodium vegetable or chicken broth
  - 1 can low-sodium black beans, rinsed
  - 1 can no salt added diced tomatoes
  - Optional toppings: tortilla chips, avocado, sour cream, fresh cilantro

  Chop leftover chicken into bite-sized pieces. Place all ingredients (except toppings) in a large pot, and reheat by bringing to a boil on the stovetop. Divide among 4 bowls with optional toppings if desired. Add a side of fruit to finish the meal.

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**Talk to your doctor or health care team if you have any questions about your care.**

For more health information, contact the Library for Health Information at **614-293-3707** or e-mail **health-info@osu.edu**.

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